MARINE RADIO TELEPHONE MODEL 1400 VHF/FM





INSTRUCTION HANDBOOK

RAY JEFFERSON

DIVISION OF JETRONIC INDUSTRIES, INC.

PRICE FIVE DOLLARS

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SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL

FCC Type Accepted : For use under the provisions of Part 2, 15 and 83 (shipboard)

Frequency Range : Receive; 153.950 MHz to 162.550 MHz (.14 channels)

Transmit; 156.275 MHz to 157.425 MHz (12 channels)

(Crystal for Channels 6, 16, 22A, 26, 28, 68, WX-1 and WX-2 and WX-3 are factory installed)

Supply Voltage : 13.8V DC ±15%, Negative Ground Current Drain : Transmit; 1.5A @ 1W, 5.5A @ 25watts

Receive; 0.6A @ Squelched, 1.7A @ Full Audio

Antenna : 50 ohm

Microphone : 600 ohm Dinamic Speaker : 4 ohm, 3 watts

Size (W x D x H) : 8" x 9-7/8" x 2-13/16"

Weight : 5.5 lbs

Accessories : DC cord with built in fuse, Microphone and Mounting Bracket

TRANSMITTER

Power Output : 25 watts at "HI" position

1 watt at "LOW" position

Output Impedance : 50 ohms unbalanced

Frequency Tolerance : $\pm 0.001\%$ over the range -20° C to $+50^{\circ}$ C

Harmonic and Spurious Emission : -60 dB or better

Deviation : ±5 kHz

RECEIVER

Sensitivity : $0.5\mu V$ or less for -20 dB Quieting Squelch Sensitivity : $0.35\mu V$ at threshold, $1.5\mu V$ at tight IF Frequencies : 1st IF 16.9 MHz, 2nd IF 455 kHz Frequency Tolerance : $\pm 0.001\%$ over the range -20°C to +50°C Audio Output Power : 3 watt minimum at 10% distortion

Spurious Rejection : 70 dB or greater

Modulation Acceptance Bandwidth : ±7.5 kHz minimum

Adjacent Channel Selectivity : 70 dB maximum at ±25 kHz

INTRODUCTION

CONGRATULATIONS . . .

on your new Ray Jefferson Model "1400".

You now own all the radio you'll ever need for US MARINE communications.

The Model "1400" is an all solid state, compact, VHF/FM marine radio telephone. It provides US VHF/FM channels designated for marine use.

The unit has been scientifically designed and engineered to operate at maximum efficiency within a marine environment, whether installed aboard a pleasure yacht or commercial vessel. To assure years of trouble free service, the instructions in this manual should be followed precisely.

The Model "1400" is primarily intended for shipboard installation employing nominal 12 volts DC power system. The Model "1400" has 11 channels, transmit and 14 channels, receive capability.

Your Model "1400" is ready for instant installation. The set is pretuned and designed with special crystal switching circuitry for operation over the

entire frequency range. Specific channel frequencies are noted in your Log Book. This book is an important item, and should not be lost. It is needed on board to comply with FCC regulations.

This manual has been prepared with the operator and technician in mind. It should be carefully read prior to installation and before performing any adjustments.

NOTE: TRANSMITTER ADJUSTMENTS ARE ONLY PERMITTED BY AN FCC LICENSED TECHNICIAN HOLDING A FIRST OR SECOND CLASS RADIOTELEPHONE LICENSE.

A WORD ABOUT LEGAL OPERATION OF YOUR MODEL "1400"

We know you're anxious to install and begin operating your Model "1400". However, before doing so, certain procedures must be followed.

Legal operation of a marine radio telephone requires:

- A Ship's Station License available upon application to the Federal Communications Commission, FCC Form 502. (A copy is supplied with the radio.)
- 2. A Restricted Radio Operator's Permit available upon application to your local FCC Field Office, with no examination, FCC Form 753A. (A copy is

- supplied with the radio.)
- 3. A copy of Part 83 of the Commission Rules, available from the Superintendent of Documents, Washington, D.C. 20402. You are required to read and understand Part 83 prior to operating the radio.

THE STATE OF THE S

- 4. Log Book in which you must enter a record of each transmission.
- 5. A frequency check by a licensed technician. This information to be entered into the Log Book and signed by the technician. (This has been done at the factory.)

LICENSE APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Formal application for a Ship Station License must be made on FCC Form 502.

(NOTE: If you already hold a station license for operating a VHF/FM marine radio telephone and are simply replacing your current set with the greater capability of the Model "1400" it is not necessary to apply for a new license or to notify the FCC of any equipment change.)

So that you may legally operate your set while awaiting arrival of your FCC license, the FCC has made provisions for issuance of an interim Ship's Station License. This license will be issued if you or your agent appear in person at the nearest Field Engineering Office of the Commission

and submit your completed Form 502, together with your request for the Interim License. The Interim License will allow you to operate your radio telephone for a period of six months from date of issue.

Your Ship Radio Station License will be valid for five years from date of issue. For prompt service and processing by the FCC, Form 502 must be typewritten. Follow the instruction sheet implicity to avoid disappointment and unnecessary delay.

APPLICATION FOR PURCHASE OF RULES

ORDER FORM

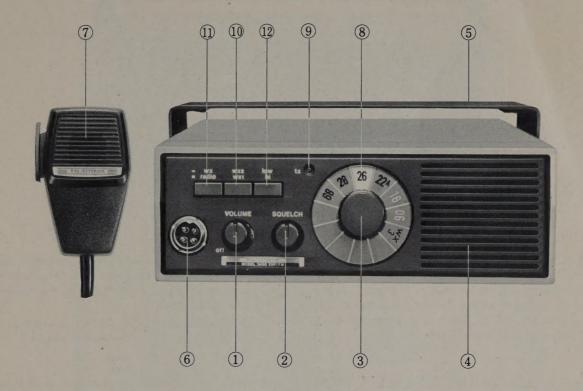
TO: Superintendent of Documents Government Printing Office Washington, D.C. 20402

Please enter subscription(s) to Volume IV, containing Parts 81, 83 and 15 of the Federal Communications Commission Rules and Regulations. Make checks or money orders payable to the Superintendent of Documents.

Name ______
Street Address _____

City_____ State____ Zip Code_

CONTROL FUNCTIONS (FRONT PANEL)



Designed for marine use, the Model "1400" permits quick and easy operation. All controls are conveniently located on the front panel. Control functions, switches and features are:

- 1. On-off/volume control: Turns unit on and adjusts audio output level.
- 2. Squelch control: Adjusts to remove background noise.
- 3. Channel Selector: Selects desired operating channel.
- 4. Large front panel mounted speaker.
- 5. Universal gimbal mounting bracket.
- 6. Detachable microphone connector.
- 7. **DYNAMIC MICROPHONE**: Push-to-talk, release to listen, Coiled detachable retractable cord.

- 8. Channel Indicator: Indicates operating channel.
- 9. Transmit "on" indicator.
- 10. WX-1-WX-2 selector.
- 11. **WEATHER/RADIO selector**: Selects either radio or weather mode of operation.
- 12. 25 watts, 1 watt power selector.

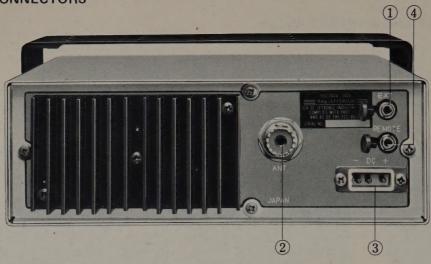


FIGURE 2

There are four jacks on the rear panel of your Model "1400". They are:

- EXTERNAL SPEAKER JACK: The Model "1400" can be used with an external 8 ohm speaker such as the Ray Jeff RS-109. To operate, connect external speaker into jack located on back of set.
- ANTENNA CONNECTOR: Compatible with Ray Jefferson's recommended VHF/FM antennas.
- POWER CORD CONNECTOR: For use with supplied power cord.
- REMOTE CONTROL JACK: For use with Telephone Hand-set to control the built-in speaker.

INSTALLING YOUR MODEL "1400"

Positioning your Model "1400" is important. Obviously, you want it conveniently located within easy reach and free of interfering objects. At the same time, for top efficiency and protection, you want to shield it from the harmful effects of water and salt spray. The Model "1400" is designed for operation in a marine environment with maximum protection against moisture. However, direct exposure to water or salt spray can be harmful to the equipment.

When installing the Model "1400":

- Select the driest possible location for installation, maintaining at least a 12-inch clearance from your compass.
- Decide whether you want an overhead or base mount. The mounting cradle can be installed on either the top or bottom of the radio. To separate the bracket from the radio, unfasten the four side screws.
- Select the most convenient operating location while observing the precaution in Paragraph 1 above. Leave sufficient space around the radio for adequate ventilation. Fasten the bracket to the area chosen with screws or bolts. Re-install the radio in the bracket.
- 4. Locate the antenna clear of metal objects and as high as possible, preferably the highest point on the boat. The coaxial feed line should be kept as short as possible consistent with set and antenna location consideration. After installing the antenna, connect the cable to the rear panel antenna connector on the back of the set.

(NOTE: It is suggested you use Ray Jefferson's recommended VHF/FM marine antennas. The Model "1400" has been pre-tuned for operation with these antennas. If any other antenna is used, the services of a licensed radio technician will be required.)

The recommended Ray Jefferson antennas are:

FG3 (for sailboats) 3 dB gain; 54"

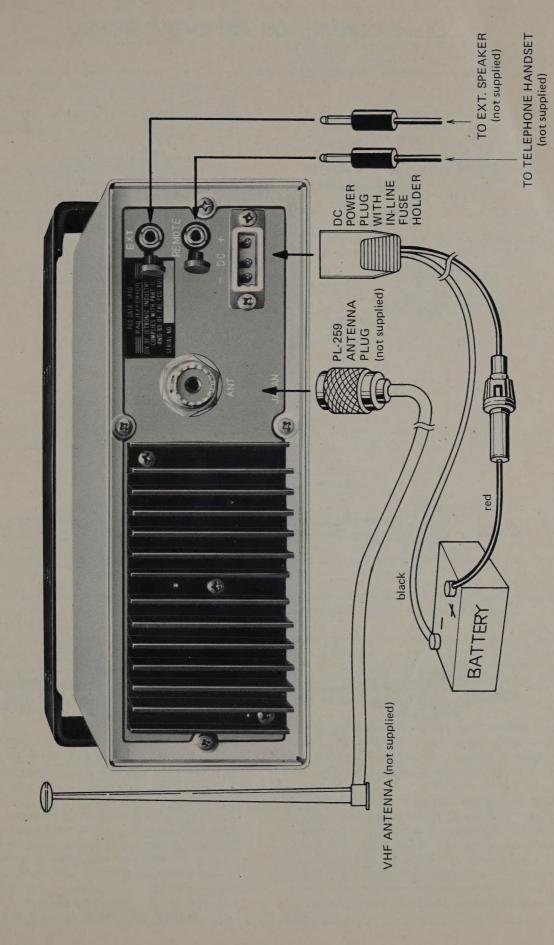
FG6 3 dB gain; 54"

FG9 6 dB gain; 8'

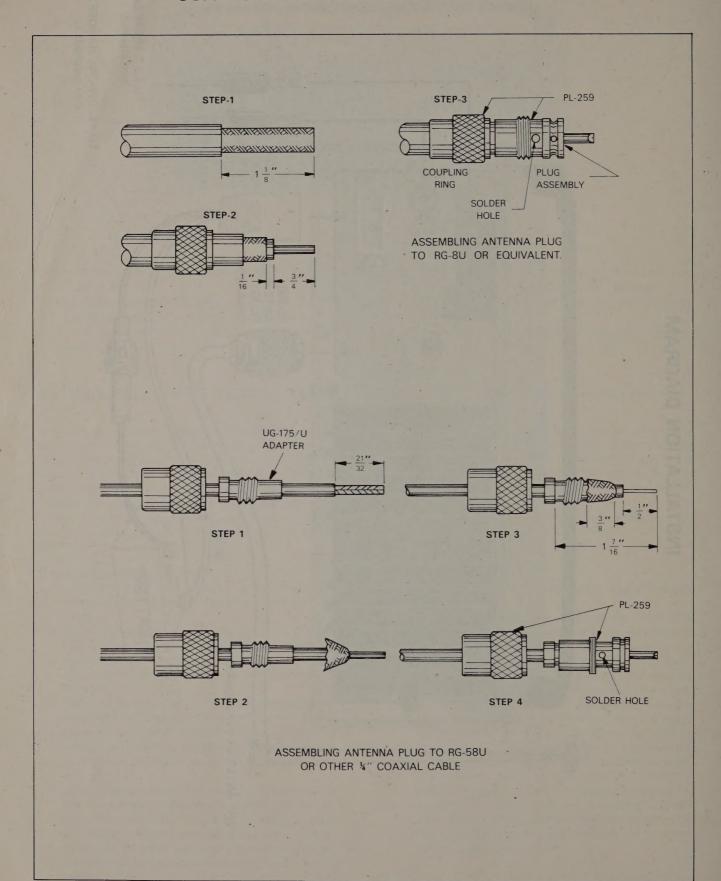
FG-21 9 dB gain; 21'

All antennas come complete with required mounting hardware.

5. POWER CONNECTION: The Model "1400" is designed to operate from a 12-volt NEGATIVE GROUND power source. Do not attempt to use the radio with a positive ground system. Power cable is supplied to make the necessary connections to the boat's battery. It will be necessary to extend the ground wire and the hot wire coming from the power cable connector in order to connect with the storage battery terminals. Use wire no lighter than #12. Connect the ground wire to the negative terminal and the red wire to the positive terminal. The Model "1400" features a safety circuit to prevent transistor burnout. If the unit is incorrectly wired to the power source, a rear panel fuse will blow, protecting the unit from further damage. This fuse is easily replaced with one having the same power rating. (6amp. 3 AG)



COAX CONNECTOR ASSEMBLY DETAIL



OPERATING YOUR MODEL "1400"

Operation of the Model "1400" is simplicity itself.

To Receive:

- Rotate the VOLUME CONTROL clockwise a few degrees until the switch snaps into the "ON" position. Advance the VOLUME CONTROL to the desired audio level.
- Place the SQUELCH CONTROL in the fully counterclockwise position. Advance the SQUELCH CONTROL clockwise until the background noise on an unoccupied channel is reduced to full quieting. Do not advance the control beyond this point.
- Select the channel desired by channel selector switch or WX1-WX2 switch.

To Transmit:

The operation of the transmitter and receiver is controlled by the "Push-to-talk" switch located on the side of the microphone. When depressed, the transmitter is placed into operation and the receiver becomes in-

operative. When released, the receiver is automatically restored to operation and, at the same time, the transmitter becomes inoperative.

- Place the "HI-LOW" switch in either the "HI" or "LOW" position dependent on the range of desired communications. In the "HI" position, the set operates at full 25 watt power for maximum output. In the "LOW" position, the set operates at one watt of power.
- The Indicator Lamp, located on the upper left side of the Channel selector will be "ON" whenever the transmitter is activated.
- Do not use obscene or profane language when transmitting. To do so is a violation of federal law subject to stiff consequences.

NOTE: Do not attempt to transmit unless your antenna is properly connected.

NOISE SUPPRESSION

While light ignition noise interference is not as bothersome on VHF/FM as it is on other bands, noise suppression should be done even though it does not seem to be bothersome. Noise pulses chop "holes" in the received signal and weaker stations can be completely blanked out. The following procedure for basic noise elimination will also improve reception on other radios and direction finders and provide better operation of all types of depth sounders.

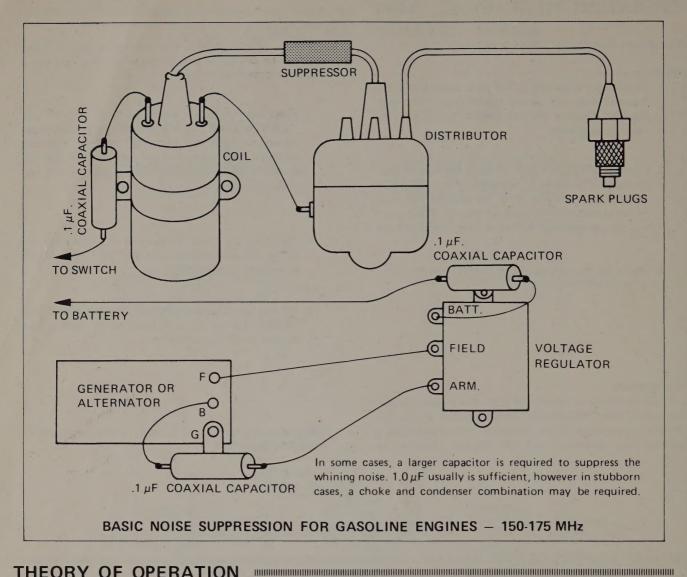
Spark Plugs: On some makes of engines, Champion "U" type spark plugs (such as UJ6) are specified. We have found that it is impossible to eliminate noise caused by these plugs as they have an extra spark gap near the top of plug which causes the leads to radiate this noise. The remedy is to replace these with resistor type plugs, or, better yet, use standard spark plugs with the new MSW cables. This cable looks like ordinary cable, but instead of a solid or carbonized conductor, it consists of a coiled winding of monel wire over a ferrite core which acts as an RF choke reducing the noise to a very low level. As this wire has a very low resistance compared to the usual suppressors, there is no loss in engine performance. These

cables are sold in complete sets packaged for most engines and can be snapped in place in a few minutes.

Ignition Coils: Coils should be mounted on the engine. Clean away paint to insure good ground. Certain coils such as the Mallory plastic encased unit radiate excessive noise and should be replaced with a standard metal case unit.

Voltage Regulators: Older types of regulators contain a vibrating set of contacts to control voltage. If the usual capacitors do not quiet the frying noise, replace with a solid state regulator which has no moving parts.

Tachometers: Some electrical tachometers cause considerable radiation of spark noise. This type of tach connects to the points at the distributor. Disconnect the tach wire at the distributor and note the noise reduction. This lead should be shielded or a special tach filter installed. If Sun tachs are used, all wires must be shielded and the plastic cased sender unit which contains a vibrating set of contacts should be completely shielded in a metal enclosure.



THEORY OF OPERATION

Detailed description of circuit by each block is in order. Refer to the block diagram, and circuit diagram for the following description of circuit function and operation.

RECEIVER CIRCUIT

RF circuit: Signal from antenna connector passes dual tuned band pass filter and is amplified by Q101, and is fed into FT101 band pass filter. The signal is then mixed with signal from local oscillator at Q102 first mixer, and produces first IF 16.9MHz. This IF signal is then passes FT102 crystal filter, and is mixed at FT103 2nd mixer with signal from Q106 second local oscillator(16.445MHz), and produces 2nd IF 455KHz. The 2nd IF passes Q103 ceramic filter, and is amplified by Q104 and Q105 then is limited by IC101. This signal is then detected by FT104 ceramic descriminator and fed into AF circuit.

AF circuit: AF signal from FT104 is amplified by Q109 and IC103 and drives speaker while, noise signal from FT104 is amplified by IC102 and Q107 then is detected by D103 and D104 and is drives switching transistor. The transistor Q110 controls IC103 AF amplifier and activates squelch.

TRANSMITTER CIRCUIT

Signal from microphone is amplified by Q320 and is fed to Q316 via IC301 Instantaneous Deviation Control and Low Pass Filter. The Frequency Modulated signal at Q316 is then buffered by Q317 and is amplified and then multiplied by 2 times at Q318. Then it is further amplified and multiplied by 3 times at Q319. This signal is then fed to IC201 mixer thru D210 receive/transmit switching control. Q207 and Q208 are switching transistors which selects SIMPLEX or DUPLEX modes. Q209 is a switching transistor which is used to tune L204 with 12.3MHz. The resultant RF signal from IC201 mixer is amplified by Q205/Q204 and is fed to Q201 final amplifier via Q203 predriver and Q202 driver. The RF signal from Q201 is then fed to antenna thru low pass filter.

ALC CIRCUIT

The DC voltage which is proportional to the RF output is detected by D203. This DC voltage is then amplified by Q210, 211, 212 and 213. The output voltage from Q213 controls the collector voltage of Q203 predriver, thus the RF output level at Q203 is kept in constant level.

APC CIRCUIT

When the antenna terminal is not properly loaded with the antenna or load during a transmission, the RF voltage will be reflected back to the circuit and this may cause of damage to the transceiver. To prevent this problem, the following function is provided; the reflected voltage is taken by L210 and is rectified by D202 into DC component. This component is then amplified by Q210/211 and then is fed to Q213. Thus, Q213 turns "OFF" which causes the RF output to reduced, in other words, the RF power circuit is protected from reflected voltage occured by inproper antenna load.

LOCAL OSCILLATOR CIRCUIT

The local OSC frequencies are oscillated by Q315 with one of the crystals, X301 thru X314. One of these local frequency is selected by S502 Channel Selector switch or S504 Radio-WX switch or S505 WX1-WX2 switch. The selected local frequency is fed to the base of Q316 modulator. Q301 thru Q314 are switching transistors which select one of the crystals, X301 thru X314.

-CAUTION-

FCC REQUIREMENTS STATE THAT ALL ADJUST-MENTS MADE TO THE TRANSMITTER BE MADE BY A PROPERLY LICENSED AND QUALIFIED TECHNICIAN. THIS INCLUDES INSTALLATION OF TRANSMITTER CRYSTALS AND ANY TUNING THAT IS DONE TO THE TRANSMITTER CIRCUITRY.

PROPER OPERATION OF THE "1400" CALLS FOR A RESONANT 50 OHM ANTENNA. THE INSTALLATION SHOULD BE CHECKED TO SEE THAT THE ANTENNA DOES NOT PRESENT AN APPRECIABLE STANDING WAVE RATIO. IF A HIGH STANDING RATIO EXISTS, CORRECTIVE ACTION MUST BE TAKEN WITH THE ANTENNA. THE TRANSMITTER SHOULD NOT BE RETURNED IN AN ATTEMPT TO CORRECT FOR A FAULTY ANTENNA SYSTEM.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURES

GENERAL

THE "1400" HAS BEEN FACTORY ALIGNED USING TECHNIQUES AND TEST EQUIPMENT NOT NORMALLY AVAILABLE TO THE SERVICE TECHNICIAN. IT SHOULD NOT BE NECESSARY TO PERFORM ANY ALIGNMENT ON THE UNIT AS RECEIVED FROM THE FACTORY. IN THE EVENT OF COMPONENT

FAILURE, ANY REALIGNMENT WILL BE MINIMAL. IF IT APPEARS THAT ANY LARGE DEGREE OF REALIGNMENT IS REQUIRED, THOROUGHLY CHECK THE REPLACEMENT COMPONENT BEFORE PROCEEDING.

LOCAL OSCILLATOR

1. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

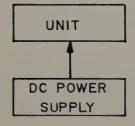
- a) 13.8V DC Power Source
- b) Frequency Counter
- c) Oscilloscope

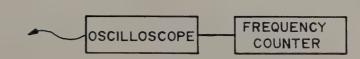
2. SETUP

Front panel controls should be set in the following manner:

- a) Power switch ---- off
- b) Squelch control ---- any position
- c) Hi-Low switch ---- either position
- d) Radio-WX switch ---- Radio position
- e) WX1-WX2 switch ---- WX1 position

LOCAL OSC SETUP





3. PROCEDURES

a) Connect the unit to 13.8V DC power source and turn the power switch "ON".	Set the channel to:	Adjust	Frequency (MHz)
 b) Select channel for 22A and connect oscilloscope to TP302 and TP301 (GND). Then adjust L318,320 and 321 for maximum reading on oscilloscope. c) Change the channel to 06 and adjust L320 and 321 for maximum reading. Repeat this adjustment until voltage reading between channel 06 and WX1 are equalized. 	06 16 22A 26 28 68	L301 L302 L303 L304 L305 L306	139.400 139,900 140.200 145.000 145.100 139.525
d) Connect frequency counter to TP302 and TP301 (GND), then adjust to obtain the following frequencies at each channels:	WX1 WX2 WX3	L313 14 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	145.650 145.500 145.675

NOTE: FOR INSTALLATION OF ADDITIONAL CHANNELS, REFER TO PAGE 13.

RECEIVER -

A. RF amplifier section

1. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

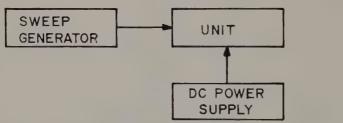
- a) 13.8V DC Power Source
- b) VHF Sweep Generator

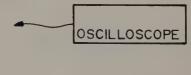
2. SETUP

Front panel controls to be set as same setup as Local oscillator alignment.

RECEIVER SETUP

(RF SECTION)





3. PROCEDURE

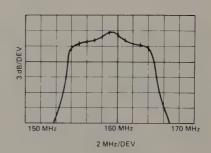
- a) Connect the unit to 13.8V DC power source and turn the power switch "ON"
- b) Connect the RF output of Sweep Generator to the antenna.
- c) Connect the RF input of Sweep Generator (or H input of Scope) to TP101.
- d) Adjust L101, 102 and FT101 to obtain a wave form as shown below with the following condition:

Input Level ————— 10mV rms

Marker —————— increment by 1MHz

Center Frequency———— 159MHz

Oscilloscope ————— X 1 range



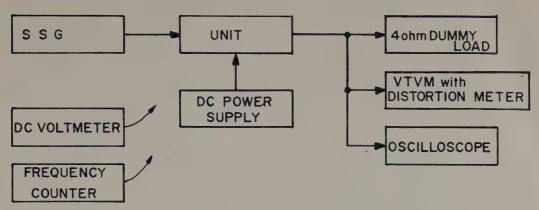
B. IF Amplifier section

1. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

- a) 13.8V DC Power Source
- b) Oscilloscope
- c) VTVM
- d) Standard Signal Generator
- e) DC Voltmeter

2. SETUP: Front panel controls should be set as same as local oscillator alignment, except SQUELCH control in fully counterclockwise position.

RECEIVER SETUP (IF SECTION)



3. PEOCEDURE

- a) Connect 4 ohm load with VTVM and Oscilloscope to EXT SP jack.
- b) Connect SSG (Standard Signal Generator) to antenna Jack.
- c) Connect the unit to 13.8V DC power source and turn the power switch "ON".
- d) Connect Frequency Counter to TP102(R138) and adjust TC101 for 16.445MHz reading on frequency counter.
- e) Select channel 16 and set the frequency of SSG to 156.800MHz. Adjust L103, 104, 105 and 107 for maximum reading on VTVM.
- f) Set RF output of SSG to 8dB and adjust squelch control fully clockwise position. Then adjust VR102 to the point where squelch just start to break.

TRANSMITTER -

1. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

- a) 13.8V DC Power Source
- b) RF Power Meter (50 watts)
- c) Frequency Counter (10KHz to 200MHz)
- d) RF Dummy load (50 ohms)
- e) AF VTVM
- f) DC Voltmeter
- g) Audio Generator (1KHz, 120mV)
- h) FM Linear Detector

2. SETUP

a) Power Switch

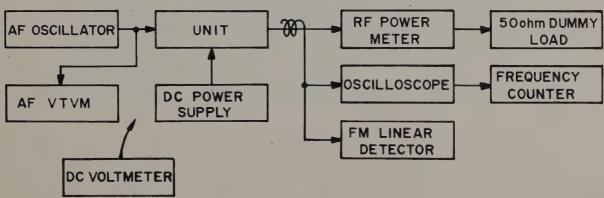
: off

b) Squelch Control

: any position

c) Hi-Low Power Switch : 25W position

TRANSMITTER SETUP



3. PROCEDURE

- a) Connect the RF power meter with FM Linear detector and Frequency counter to the antenna connector. Set voltage of 13.8V power source to 11VDC.
- b) Connect the unit to 11V power source and turn the power switch "ON".
- c) Select the channel 16 and key the transmitter by grounding a pin 4 of microphone.

- d) Connect the frequency counter to the point where C257 and TC208 are connected, then adjust TC210 to obtain 16.900MHz reading on the frequency counter.
- e) Select the channel 26, and adjust TC209 for 12.300MHz reading, then select the channel 16.
- f) Connect RF Voltmeter to TP201 (R232) and adjust L206, 204, 203, 202, 201, 222 and 220 for maximum reading.
- g) Select channel 26 and adjust TC208 for maximum reading.
- h) Select channel 16 and adjust L206, 204, 203, 202, 201, 222, 220, TC206, 204, 205, 203 and 201 for maximum power output on the RF power meter.
- i) Repeat above step (e thru h) for several times.
- j) Connect DC Voltmeter to cathode of D202 and 'adjust TC201 and VR205 to obtain less than 1.0V reading.

- k) Set the power supply voltage to 13.8VDC.
- I) Set Hi-Low power switch to Low position and adjust VR203 for 1W on the RF power meter.
- m) Set Hi-Low power switch to Hi position and adjust VR204 for 25W on the RF power meter.
- n) Set AF Oscillator output level to 90mV and adjust VR302 for 4.7KHz deviation.
- o) Set AF Oscillator output level to 3mV and adjust VR301 for 3.5KHz deviation.
- p) Remove RF power meter from antenna connector and adjust VR202 to obtain 2.0 amp. reading on DC power supply's current meter. NOTE: THIS ADJUSTMENT MUST BE PERFORMED QUICK-LY.

ALIGNMENT FOR ADDITIONAL CHANNEL INSTALLATION (WITHIN LEGAL CHANNELS)

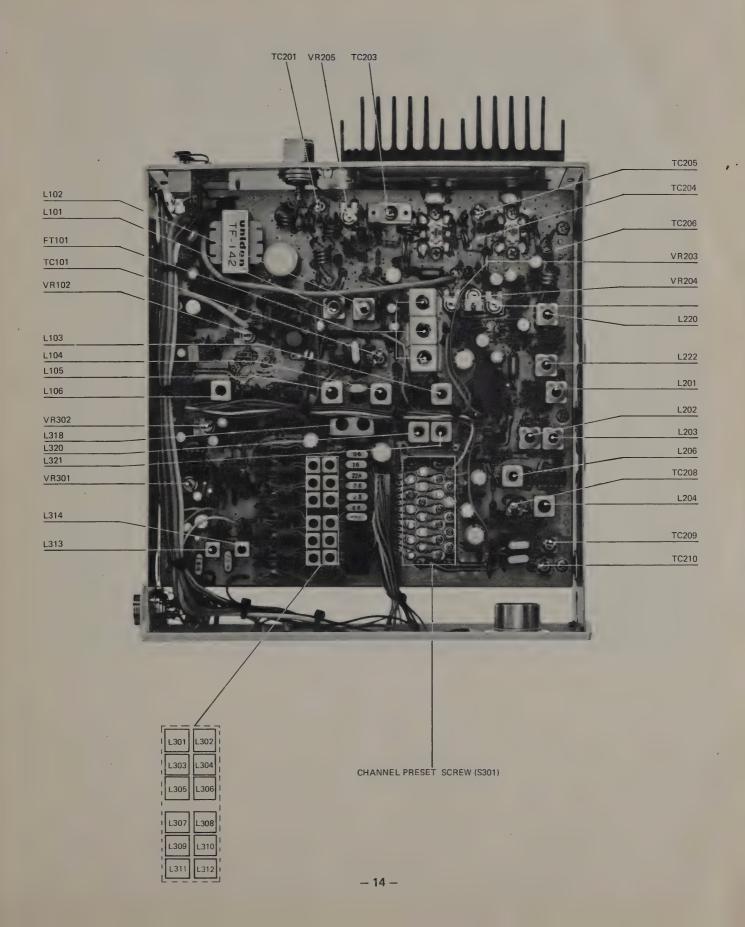
NOTE: When installing a crystal as additional channel, proceed as follows:

- a) Place the desired channel's crystal into J302.
- b) Place a screw into the corresponding screw hole on the P.C. Board (S301).
- c) Connect the frequency counter between TP302 and TP301, then adjust the corresponding coil to obtain the following frequency.

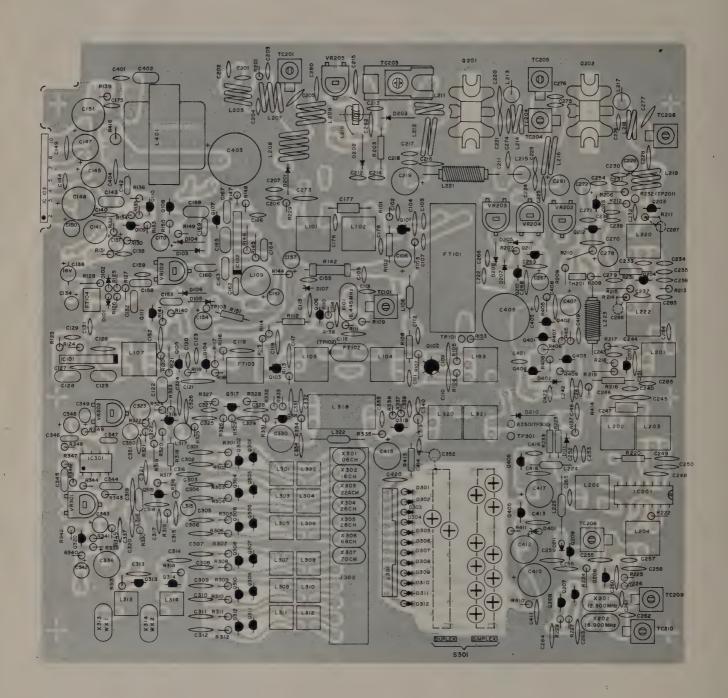
Example

- If you installed a crystal for channel 88 (157.425 MHz), then adjust for 140.525 MHz.
 [157.425—16.9 MHz (simplex)].
- If you installed a crystal for channel 24 (161.8 MHz), then adjust for 149.5 MHz.
 [161.8—12.3 MHz (duplex)].
- d) Repeat above step $(a \sim c)$ for other channel installation.

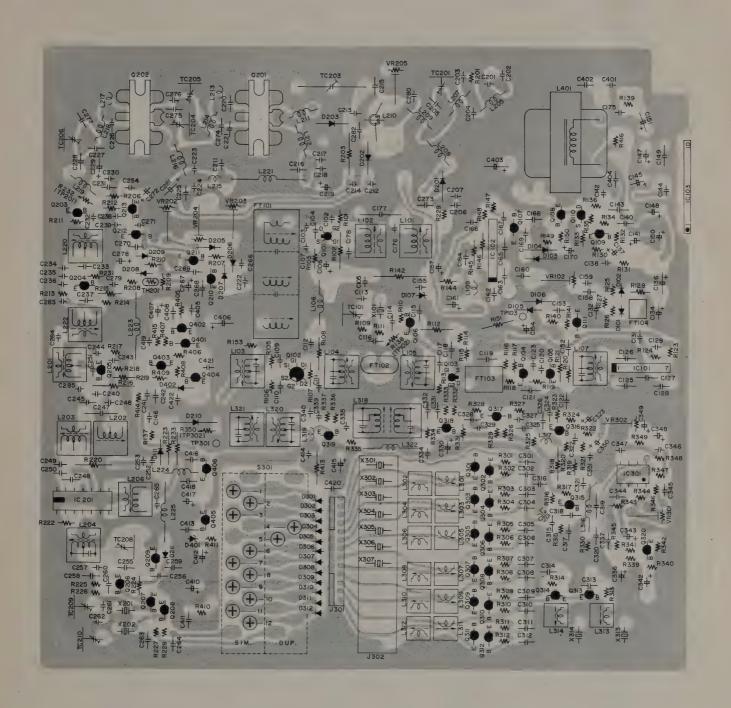
ALIGNMENT LOCATIONS



P.C. BOARD (TOP VIEW)



P.C. BOARD (BOTTOM VIEW)



REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

CIRCUIT SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION		PART NO.		
	SEMICONDUCTORS				
IC-101 IC-102 IC-103 IC-201 IC-301	Integrated Circuit, Integrated Circuit, Integrated Circuit, Integrated Circuit, Integrated Circuit,	μPC577H TA7063P HA1366W SO42P NJM4558D	DDEY008001 DDEY119001 DDEY132001		
Q-110 Q-101,103 Q-102 Q212,402 Q-401,403 Q-107,108,109,210,211, 320,406	Field Effect Transistor,	2SK68A-M 3SK60 E430 2SA733P 2SB564L 2SC945A-Q	DDCY107001 DDCY204001 DDBY003001 DDBY103003		
Q-405 Q-201 Q-104,105,106,206,207, 208,209,301,302,303, 304,305,306,307,308, 309,310,311,312,313,	Transistor, Transistor, Transistor,	2SC1317Q	DDBY313001		
314,315,316,317,111 Q-204,205,318,319 Q-203 Q-202 Q-213,404	Transistor, Transistor, Transistor, Transistor,	2SC1730L 2SC2053 2SC2237 2SD471L	DDBY275001 DDBY303001		
D-101,102,203 D-103,104,111,202,205, 206,207,211,301,302, 303,304,305,306,307, 308,309,310,311,402, 105,106	Diode, Diode,	1N60P			
D-210 D-201 D-501 D-502 D-107 D-401 D-208,209 TH-201	Diode, Diode, Diode, Diode, LED, Diode, Zener, Diode, Zener, Varistor, Thermistor,	MC301 MI402 S3V10 TLR124 BZ-081 WZ-094 KB262 ERT-D2FHL 1K ohm	DDAY059001 DDAY068001 DDAY100001 DDAY009004 DDAY008030 DDFY004001		
	INDUCTORS				
L-107 L-201,220,222 L-101,102 L-318 L-320,321 L-103 L-104 L-105 L-202 L-203 L-204 L-206 L-301,302,303,304,305,306,307,308,309,310,311,312,313,314	Coil,	LA-107 LA-132 LA-145 LA-243 LA-245 LA-246 LA-249 LA-252 LA-288 LA-297 LA-298 LB-126	LLAY 132001 LLAY 145001 LLAY 243001 LLAY 245001 LLAY 246001 LLAY 252001 LLAY 252001 LLAY 287001 LLAY 288001 LLAY 297001 LLAY 298001		
L-215,221,223	Coil,	LD-012	LLDY012001		

CIRCUIT SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION				PART NO.		
	INDUCTORS (Continued)						
L-319 L-213,217 L-210 L-207,209,219 L-211	Coil, Coil, Coil, Coil, Coil,	LD-061 LD-064 LE-082 LE-083			LLDY 018001 LLDY 061001 LLDY 064001 LLEY 082001 LLEY 083001		
L-208 L-214,218 L-205 L-212,216 L-106,224,225,316,322	Coil, Coil, Coil, Inductor, Molded,	LE-099 LE-100 LE-102 LZ-021	1.0μΗ		LLEY 084001 LLEY 099001 LLEY 100001 LLEY 102001 LLZY 021002		
L-317 L-315 L-109 L-401	Inductor, Molded, Inductor, Molded, Inductor, Molded, Coil AF Choke,	LZ-003 TF-142	56μH 2.7mH	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	LLZY 002009 LLZY 001010 LLZY 003010 TTFY 142001		
	SEMI-FIXED & VA	KIABLE	KESISTOR	5			
VR-205 VR-204 VR-302 VR-102 VR-202,203 VR-301 VR-501,S501 VR-502	Resistor, Semi-fixed, Resistor, Semi-fixed, Resistor, Semi-fixed, Resistor, Semi-fixed, Resistor, Semi-fixed, Resistor, Variable, Resistor, Variable,	RV-189 RV-189 RV-189 RV-189 RV-189 RV-008 RV-008 RV-139	3K ohm 5K ohm 20K ohm 50K ohm 500K ohm S/10K ohm	B	RRVY189001 RRVY189004 RRVY189010 RRVY189006 RRVY189007 RRVY189009 RRVY008001 RRVY139001		
,	FIXED RESISTOR	S					
NOTE: Resistor toleran	ce: J = ±5% K = ±10%						
R-406 R-416 R-142 R-233 R-108,112,220,231,413 R-213,217 R-216 R-318 R-138,203,232,350 R-223 R-151 R-102 R-206 R-103,410 R-118	Resistor, Metal Film, Resistor, Metal Film, Resistor, Metal Film, Resistor, Carbon, Axia Resistor, Carbon, Form Resistor, Carbon, Form Resistor, Carbon, Form Resistor, Carbon, Form	I Lead, ned VERT, ned VERT,	100 ohm 120 ohm 220 ohm 270 ohm 1K ohm 2.2K ohm 10K ohm 56K ohm 5.6 ohm 10 ohm	1W K 1/8W J	RSJZ 105085 RSJZ 102205 RSJZ 101015 RPBZ 182204 RPBZ 181014 RPBZ 181214 RPBZ 182214 RPBZ 182214 RPBZ 18224 RPBZ 181024 RPBZ 181034 RPBZ 185634 RUBZ 185694 RUBZ 181004 RUBZ 181004		
R-324 R-121,222,317,325,329, 334 R-342 R-123,411 R-105,106,114,328,333 R-330 R-133,139,209,210,337 R-211	Resistor, Carbon, Forn	ned VERT, ned VERT, ned VERT, ned VERT, ned VERT, ned VERT,	100 ohm 150 ohm 220 ohm 330 ohm 390 ohm 470 ohm 820 ohm	1/8W J 1/8W J 1/8W J 1/8W J 1/8W J 1/8W J	RUBZ 183304 RUBZ 181014 RUBZ 181514 RUBZ 182214 RUBZ 183314 RUBZ 183914 RUBZ 184714 RUBZ 188214 RUBZ 181024		
R-111,229,344,405,408 R-341,349 R-124,136,225,323,407	Resistor, Carbon, Forn Resistor, Carbon, Forn	ned VERT,	1.2K ohm	1/8W J	RUBZ 181224 RUBZ 181524		

CIRCUIT SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
	FIXED RESISTORS (Continued)	
R-115, 415	Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 1.8K ohm 1/8W J	
R-128,131,140,208,414, 319	Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 2.2K ohm 1/8W J	RUBZ182224
R-130,327	Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 2.7K ohm 1/8W J	RUBZ182724
R-119,127,148,150,153,	Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 3.3K ohm 1/8W J	
214,218,332,336 R-116,134,409	Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 4.7K ohm 1/8W J	RUR7184724
R-201,301,302,303,304,	Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 5.6K ohm 1/8W J	
305,306,307,308,309, 310,311,312,313,314,		
335,346,117		
R-228	Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 6.8K ohm 1/8W J Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 10K ohm 1/8W J	
R-113,125,126,207,226, 321,340	Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 10K ohm 1/8W J	NUBZ101034
R-212,227,326,331	Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 12K ohm 1/8W J	
R-144,215,219,224,316 R-132	Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 15K ohm 1/8W J Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 18K ohm 1/8W J	
R-101,109,110,137,146,	Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 22K ohm 1/8W J	
149,347,348 R-345	Decistor Coulon Formed VEDT 27V about 1/910/1	RUBZ182734
R-315,343	Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 27K ohm 1/8W J Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 33K ohm 1/8W J	
R-322	Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 39K ohm 1/8W J	
R-320	Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 47K ohm 1/8W J	
R-339 R-141	Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 56K ohm 1/8W J Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 82K ohm 1/8W J	
R-120,135,145	Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 100K ohm 1/8W J	
D 443	D : O I E IVEDT COOK I 4/0W I	DI ID 7100044
R-147	Resistor, Carbon, Formed VERT, 220K ohm 1/8W J	RUBZ182244
K-14/	CAPACITORS	RUBZ18ZZ44
NOTE:		NUBZ18ZZ44
NOTE: The first code indicates	CAPACITORS tolerance of capacitance:	
NOTE: The first code indicates C = ±0.25pF, D = ±0.5p	CAPACITORS tolerance of capacitance: F, F = ±1pF, G = ±2%, J = ±5%, K = ±10%, M = ±20%, Z =	
NOTE: The first code indicates C = ±0.25pF, D = ±0.5p The second code indica YA = ±5%, YB = ±10%,	tolerance of capacitance: $F_{\rm c} = \pm 10^{\circ}$, $F_{\rm c} = \pm 10^{\circ}$, $F_{\rm c} = \pm 20^{\circ}$, $F_{\rm c} = 20^{\circ}$, $F_{\rm c} = 20^{\circ}$, $F_{\rm c} = 20^{\circ}$,	+70% -20% +85°C), ZF =
NOTE: The first code indicates $C = \pm 0.25 pF$, $D = \pm 0.5 p$ The second code indica $YA = \pm 5\%$, $YB = \pm 10\%$, $+30 - 80\%$ (-10 $\sim +70^{\circ}$)	tolerance of capacitance: $F, F = \pm 1pF, G = \pm 2\%, J = \pm 5\%, K = \pm 10\%, M = \pm 20\%, Z = \pm 20\%$ tes variation of capacitance with temperature: $YD = +20 -30\%, YE = +20 -50\%, YF = +30 -80\%, (-25 \sim -20), CH = 0\pm 60ppm/°C, RH = -220ppm/°C \pm 60ppm/°C, CJ = -200ppm/°C + 60ppm/°C + 60ppm/°$	+70% -20% +85°C), ZF = 0±120ppm/°C,
NOTE: The first code indicates C = ±0.25pF, D = ±0.5p The second code indicatory YA = ±5%, YB = ±10%, +30 -80% (-10 ~ +70° CRJ = -220ppm/° C±120)	tolerance of capacitance: $F_{1}, F_{2} = \pm 10F_{1}, G_{2} = \pm 2\%$, $F_{3} = \pm 5\%$, $F_{4} = \pm 10\%$, $F_{5} = \pm 10\%$, F_{5}	+70% -20% +85°C), ZF = 0±120ppm/°C,
NOTE: The first code indicates $C = \pm 0.25 pF$, $D = \pm 0.5 p$ The second code indicator $YA = \pm 5\%$, $YB = \pm 10\%$, $+30 - 80\%$ (-10 $\sim +70^{\circ}$ C/RJ = -220ppm/° C±120p $SL = +350 ppm^{\circ}/C \sim -1$	capacitance: $F_{c} = \pm 10^{\circ}$, $F_{c} = \pm 1$	+70% -20% +85°C), ZF = 0±120ppm/°C, C±120ppm/°C
NOTE: The first code indicates $C = \pm 0.25 pF$, $D = \pm 0.5 p$ The second code indicator $YA = \pm 5\%$, $YB = \pm 10\%$, $+30 - 80\%$ ($-10 \sim +70\%$) $RJ = -220 ppm$ /° $C\pm 120$, $SL = +350 ppm$ °/C ~ -1	capacitance: $F_{c} = \pm 10^{\circ}$, $F_{c} = 10^$	+70% -20% +85°C), ZF = 0±120ppm/°C, C±120ppm/°C
NOTE: The first code indicates $C = \pm 0.25 pF$, $D = \pm 0.5 p$ The second code indicator $YA = \pm 5\%$, $YB = \pm 10\%$, $+30 - 80\%$ ($-10 \sim +70\%$) $RJ = -220 ppm$ /° $C\pm 120$ 9 $SL = +350 ppm$ °/C ~ -1 C-149 C-247	CAPACITORS tolerance of capacitance: 3F, F = ±1pF, G = ±2%, J = ±5%, K = ±10%, M = ±20%, Z = tes variation of capacitance with temperature: YD = +20 -30%, YE = +20 -50%, YF = +30 -80%, (-25 ~ -20), CH = 0±60ppm/° C, RH = -220ppm/° C±60ppm/° C, CJ = cpm/° C, TH = -470ppm/° C±60ppm/° C, UJ = -750ppm° / 000ppm/° C, Capacitor, Semiconductor, 0.22μF 12V M Capacitor, Composition, 0.82pF 500V K	+70% -20% +85°C), ZF = 0±120ppm/°C, C±120ppm/°C CGAZ212246 CBAZ828285
NOTE: The first code indicates C = ±0.25pF, D = ±0.5p The second code indicates YA = ±5%, YB = ±10%, +30 -80% (-10 ~ +70° C RJ = -220ppm/° C±120p SL = +350ppm°/C ~ -1 C-149 C-247 C-177 C-136	CAPACITORS tolerance of capacitance: a.F., $F = \pm 1$ pF, $G = \pm 2$ %, $J = \pm 5$ %, $K = \pm 10$ %, $M = \pm 20$ %, $Z = \pm 1$ 0 tes variation of capacitance with temperature: YD = +20 -30%, YE = +20 -50%, YF = +30 -80%, (-25 ~ -20), CH = 0±60 ppm/°C, RH = -220 ppm/°C±60 ppm/°C, CJ = 20 ppm/°C, TH = -470 ppm/°C±60 ppm/°C, UJ = -750 ppm°/000 ppm/°C, Capacitor, Semiconductor, 0.22μF 12V M Capacitor, Composition, 0.82 pF 50 0V K Capacitor, Composition, 0.56 pF 50 0V K Capacitor, AL Solid, 0.1μF 16V M	+70% -20% +85°C), ZF = 0±120ppm/°C, C±120ppm/°C CGAZ212246 CBAZ828285 CBAZ825685 CAAZ311086
NOTE: The first code indicates C = ±0.25pF, D = ±0.5p The second code indicates YA = ±5%, YB = ±10%, +30 -80% (-10 ~ +70° C RJ = -220ppm/° C±120p SL = +350ppm°/C ~ -1 C-149 C-247 C-177 C-136 C-137	CAPACITORS tolerance of capacitance: a.F., $F = \pm 1$ pF, $G = \pm 2$ %, $J = \pm 5$ %, $K = \pm 10$ %, $M = \pm 20$ %, $Z = \pm 1$ 0 tes variation of capacitance with temperature: YD = +20 -30%, YE = +20 -50%, YF = +30 -80%, (-25 ~ -20), CH = 0±60 ppm/°C, RH = -220 ppm/°C±60 ppm/°C, CJ = 20 ppm/°C, TH = -470 ppm/°C±60 ppm/°C, UJ = -750 ppm°/000 ppm/°C, Capacitor, Semiconductor, 0.22μF 12V M Capacitor, Composition, 0.82 pF 50 0V K Capacitor, Composition, 0.56 pF 50 0V K Capacitor, AL Solid, 0.1μF 16V M Capacitor, AL Solid, 0.22μF 16V M	+70% -20% +85°C), ZF = 0±120ppm/°C, C±120ppm/°C CGAZ212246 CBAZ828285 CBAZ825685 CAAZ311086 CAAZ312286
NOTE: The first code indicates C = ±0.25pF, D = ±0.5p The second code indicates YA = ±5%, YB = ±10%, +30 -80% (-10 ~ +70° C RJ = -220ppm/° C±120p SL = +350ppm°/C ~ -1 C-149 C-247 C-177 C-136 C-137 C-134	tolerance of capacitance: $F_{c} = \pm 10^{\circ}$, $F_{c} = \pm 10^{\circ}$, $F_{c} = \pm 10^{\circ}$, $F_{c} = \pm 20^{\circ}$,	+70% -20% +85°C), ZF = 0±120ppm/°C, C±120ppm/°C CGAZ212246 CBAZ828285 CBAZ825685 CAAZ311086 CAAZ312286 CAAZ313386
NOTE: The first code indicates C = ±0.25pF, D = ±0.5p The second code indicates YA = ±5%, YB = ±10%, +30 -80% (-10 ~ +70° C RJ = -220ppm/° C±120p SL = +350ppm°/C ~ -1 C-149 C-247 C-177 C-136 C-137	tolerance of capacitance: a. F. F = ± 1 pF, G = ± 2 %, J = ± 5 %, K = ± 10 %, M = ± 20 %, Z = ± 1 tes variation of capacitance with temperature: YD = ± 20 - 30%, YE = ± 20 - 50%, YF = ± 30 - 80%, (-25 $\sim 10^{\circ}$), CH = 0 ± 60 ppm/°C, RH = ± 20 ppm/°C, CJ = ± 10 ppm/°C, TH = ± 10 ppm/°C = ± 10 ppm/°C, UJ = ± 10 ppm/°C, Capacitor, Semiconductor, 0.22 ± 10 ppm/°C, Capacitor, Composition, 0.82pF 500V K Capacitor, Composition, 0.56pF 500V K Capacitor, AL Solid, 0.1 ± 10 pF 16V M Capacitor, AL Solid, 0.22 ± 10 pF 16V M Capacitor, AL Solid, 0.33 ± 10 pF 16V M Capacitor, Tantalum, 1 ± 10 pF 25V M	+70% -20% +85°C), ZF = 0±120ppm/°C, C±120ppm/°C CGAZ212246 CBAZ828285 CBAZ825685 CAAZ311086 CAAZ312286
NOTE: The first code indicates C = ±0.25pF, D = ±0.5p The second code indicates YA = ±5%, YB = ±10%, +30 -80% (-10 ~ +70° (RJ = -220ppm/° C±120p SL = +350ppm°/C ~ -1 C-149 C-247 C-177 C-136 C-137 C-134 C-349 C-170 C-145,147,157,323	tolerance of capacitance: $F, F = \pm 1pF, G = \pm 2\%, J = \pm 5\%, K = \pm 10\%, M = \pm 20\%, Z = \pm 10\%$ tes variation of capacitance with temperature: $YD = \pm 20 - 30\%, YE = \pm 20 - 50\%, YF = \pm 30 - 80\%, (-25 \sim -20), CH = 0\pm 60ppm/°C, RH = -220ppm/°C \pm 60ppm/°C, CJ = 20pm/°C, TH = -470ppm/°C \pm 60ppm/°C, UJ = -750ppm°/000ppm/°C, Capacitor, Semiconductor, 0.22\muF 12V M Capacitor, Composition, 0.82pF 500V K Capacitor, Composition, 0.56pF 500V K Capacitor, AL Solid, 0.1\muF 16V M Capacitor, AL Solid, 0.22\muF 16V M Capacitor, AL Solid, 0.33\muF 16V M Capacitor, Tantalum, 1\muF 25V M Capacitor, Electrolytic, 33\muF 10V Capacitor, Electrolytic, 47\muF 10V$	+70% -20% +85°C), ZF = 0±120ppm/°C, C±120ppm/°C CGAZ212246 CBAZ82825 CBAZ825685 CAAZ311086 CAAZ312286 CAAZ313386 CSEZ 511096 CELZ 113300 CELZ 114700
NOTE: The first code indicates C = ±0.25pF, D = ±0.5p The second code indicates YA = ±5%, YB = ±10%, +30 -80% (-10 ~ +70° C RJ = -220ppm/° C±120p SL = +350ppm°/C ~ -1 C-149 C-247 C-177 C-136 C-137 C-134 C-349 C-170 C-145,147,157,323 C-141,148	tolerance of capacitance: $F, F = \pm 1pF, G = \pm 2\%, J = \pm 5\%, K = \pm 10\%, M = \pm 20\%, Z = \pm 10\%$ tes variation of capacitance with temperature: $YD = +20 - 30\%, YE = +20 - 50\%, YF = +30 - 80\%, (-25 \sim -20), CH = 0\pm 60ppm/°C, RH = -220ppm/°C \pm 60ppm/°C, CJ = 20pm/°C, TH = -470ppm/°C \pm 60ppm/°C, UJ = -750ppm°/000ppm/°C, Capacitor, Semiconductor, 0.22\muF 12V M Capacitor, Composition, 0.82pF 500V K Capacitor, Composition, 0.56pF 500V K Capacitor, AL Solid, 0.1\muF 16V M Capacitor, AL Solid, 0.22\muF 16V M Capacitor, AL Solid, 0.33\muF 16V M Capacitor, Tantalum, 1\muF 25V M Capacitor, Electrolytic, 33\muF 10V Capacitor, Electrolytic, 47\muF 10V Capacitor, Electrolytic, 100\muF 10V$	+70% -20% +85°C), ZF = 0±120ppm/°C, C±120ppm/°C CGAZ212246 CBAZ828285 CBAZ825685 CAAZ311086 CAAZ312286 CAAZ313386 CSEZ 511096 CELZ 113300 CELZ 114700 CELZ 111010
NOTE: The first code indicates C = ±0.25pF, D = ±0.5p The second code indicates YA = ±5%, YB = ±10%, +30 -80% (-10 ~ +70° (RJ = -220ppm/° C±120p SL = +350ppm°/C ~ -1 C-149 C-247 C-177 C-136 C-137 C-134 C-349 C-170 C-145,147,157,323	tolerance of capacitance: $F, F = \pm 1pF, G = \pm 2\%, J = \pm 5\%, K = \pm 10\%, M = \pm 20\%, Z = \pm 10\%$ tes variation of capacitance with temperature: $YD = +20 - 30\%, YE = +20 - 50\%, YF = +30 - 80\%, (-25 \sim -20), CH = 0\pm 60ppm/°C, RH = -220ppm/°C \pm 60ppm/°C, CJ = 20pm/°C, TH = -470ppm/°C \pm 60ppm/°C, UJ = -750ppm°/000ppm/°C, Capacitor, Semiconductor, 0.22\muF 12V M Capacitor, Composition, 0.82pF 500V K Capacitor, Composition, 0.56pF 500V K Capacitor, AL Solid, 0.1\muF 16V M Capacitor, AL Solid, 0.22\muF 16V M Capacitor, AL Solid, 0.33\muF 16V M Capacitor, Tantalum, 1\muF 25V M Capacitor, Electrolytic, 33\muF 10V Capacitor, Electrolytic, 47\muF 10V Capacitor, Electrolytic, 100\muF 10V Capacitor, Electrolytic, 470\muF 10V Capacitor, Electrolytic, 470\muF 10V$	+70% -20% +85°C), ZF = 0±120ppm/°C, C±120ppm/°C CGAZ212246 CBAZ82825 CBAZ825685 CAAZ311086 CAAZ312286 CAAZ313386 CSEZ 511096 CELZ 113300 CELZ 114700
NOTE: The first code indicates C = ±0.25pF, D = ±0.5p The second code indicates YA = ±5%, YB = ±10%, +30 -80% (-10 ~ +70° (RJ = -220ppm/° C±120 SL = +350ppm°/C ~ -1 C-149 C-247 C-177 C-136 C-137 C-134 C-349 C-170 C-145,147,157,323 C-141,148 C-151	tolerance of capacitance: IF, $F = \pm 1$ pF, $G = \pm 2\%$, $J = \pm 5\%$, $K = \pm 10\%$, $M = \pm 20\%$, $Z = \pm 10\%$, $M = \pm 20\%$,	+70% -20% +85°C), ZF = 0±120ppm/°C, C±120ppm/°C CGAZ212246 CBAZ828285 CBAZ825685 CAAZ311086 CAAZ312286 CAAZ313386 CSEZ 511096 CELZ 113300 CELZ 114700 CELZ 114710 CELZ 114710 CELZ 314790 CELZ 311000
NOTE: The first code indicates C = ±0.25pF, D = ±0.5p The second code indicates YA = ±5%, YB = ±10%, +30 -80% (-10 ~ +70° C RJ = -220ppm/° C±120g SL = +350ppm°/C ~ -1 C-149 C-247 C-177 C-136 C-137 C-134 C-349 C-170 C-145,147,157,323 C-141,148 C-151 C-161 C-154 C-106,229,267,272,278,	tolerance of capacitance: IF, $F = \pm 1$ pF, $G = \pm 2\%$, $J = \pm 5\%$, $K = \pm 10\%$, $M = \pm 20\%$, $Z = \pm 10\%$, $M = \pm 20\%$,	+70% -20% +85°C), ZF = 0±120ppm/°C, C±120ppm/°C CGAZ212246 CBAZ828285 CBAZ825685 CAAZ311086 CAAZ312286 CAAZ313386 CSEZ 511096 CELZ 113300 CELZ 114700 CELZ 114710 CELZ 114710 CELZ 314790
NOTE: The first code indicates C = ±0.25pF, D = ±0.5p The second code indicates YA = ±5%, YB = ±10%, +30 -80% (-10 ~ +70° C) RJ = -220ppm/° C±120g SL = +350ppm°/C ~ -1 C-149 C-247 C-177 C-136 C-137 C-134 C-349 C-170 C-145,147,157,323 C-141,148 C-151 C-161 C-154	tolerance of capacitance: IF, $F = \pm 1pF$, $G = \pm 2\%$, $J = \pm 5\%$, $K = \pm 10\%$, $M = \pm 20\%$, $Z = \pm 10\%$, $M = \pm 20\%$,	+70% -20% +85°C), ZF = 0±120ppm/°C, C±120ppm/°C CGAZ212246 CBAZ828285 CBAZ825685 CAAZ311086 CAAZ312286 CAAZ313386 CSEZ 511096 CELZ 114700 CELZ 114710 CELZ 114710 CELZ 314790 CELZ 311000 CELZ 313300
NOTE: The first code indicates C = ±0.25pF, D = ±0.5p The second code indicates YA = ±5%, YB = ±10%, +30 -80% (-10 ~ +70° C RJ = -220ppm/° C±120p SL = +350ppm°/C ~ -1 C-149 C-247 C-177 C-136 C-137 C-134 C-349 C-170 C-145,147,157,323 C-141,148 C-151 C-161 C-154 C-106,229,267,272,278, 281 C-219,330,336,412,417 C-410,415	tolerance of capacitance: $F, F = \pm 1pF, G = \pm 2\%, J = \pm 5\%, K = \pm 10\%, M = \pm 20\%, Z = \pm 10\%, C = \pm 10\%, M = \pm 20\%, Z = \pm 10\%, M = \pm 20\%, M =$	+70% -20% +85°C), ZF = 0±120ppm/°C, C±120ppm/°C CGAZ212246 CBAZ828285 CBAZ825685 CAAZ311086 CAAZ312286 CAAZ313386 CSEZ 511096 CELZ113300 CELZ114700 CELZ114710 CELZ114710 CELZ314790 CELZ313300 CELZ311000 CELZ311000 CELZ3112210
NOTE: The first code indicates C = ±0.25pF, D = ±0.5p The second code indicates YA = ±5%, YB = ±10%, +30 -80% (-10 ~ +70° C) RJ = -220ppm/° C±120p SL = +350ppm°/C ~ -1 C-149 C-247 C-177 C-136 C-137 C-134 C-349 C-170 C-145,147,157,323 C-141,148 C-151 C-161 C-154 C-106,229,267,272,278, 281 C-219,330,336,412,417	tolerance of capacitance: $F, F = \pm 1pF, G = \pm 2\%, J = \pm 5\%, K = \pm 10\%, M = \pm 20\%, Z = \pm 10\%, C =$	+70% -20% +85°C), ZF = 0±120ppm/°C, C±120ppm/°C CGAZ212246 CBAZ828285 CBAZ825685 CAAZ311086 CAAZ312286 CAAZ313386 CSEZ 511096 CELZ 114700 CELZ 114710 CELZ 114710 CELZ 314790 CELZ 311000 CELZ 311000 CELZ 311000 CELZ 314700 CELZ 314700

CIRCUIT

CIRCUIT SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION			PART NO.
	CAPACITORS (Contin	ued)		
C-406 C-403	Capacitor, Electrolytic, Capacitor, Electrolytic,	470μF 1000μF	25V 25V 50V	CELZ 511020
C-150,342 C-347 C-160,164	Capacitor, Electrolytic, Capacitor, Mylar, Capacitor, Mylar,	1μF 0.001μF 0.0022μF	50 V K	CQMZ811025
C-169 C-158	Capacitor, Mylar, Capacitor, Mylar,	0.0033μF 0.0039μF	50V K	
C-167 C-163,346	Capacitor, Mylar, Capacitor, Mylar,	0.0047μF 0.0068μF	50V K	CQMZ814725 CQMZ816825
C-132,142,153,162,345 C-168	Capacitor, Mylar, Capacitor, Mylar,	0.01μF 0.015μF	50V K	CQMZ811035 CQMZ811535
C-344 C-122,125,128,143,165, 402	Capacitor, Mylar, Capacitor, Mylar,	0.039μF 0.047μF、	50V K 50V K	
C-270 C-213	Capacitor, Ceramic, Capacitor, Ceramic,	270pF 1pF	50V C CH	
C-284 C-275,276,327	Capacitor, Ceramic, Capacitor, Ceramic,	6pF 10pF	50V C CH 50V J CH	CCCZ 816091 CCCZ 811004
C-335 C-227 C-152	Capacitor, Ceramic, Capacitor, Ceramic, Capacitor, Ceramic,	12pF 18pF 22pF	50V J CH	CCCZ 811204 CCCZ 811804 CCCZ 812204
C-205 C-328	Capacitor, Ceramic, Capacitor, Ceramic,	27pF 39pF	50V J CH	CCCZ 812704 CCCZ 813904
C-277,325 C-248	Capacitor, Ceramic, Capacitor, Ceramic,	47pF 1pF	50V C RH	
C-178,201,233,251,283 C-103,265 C-176	Capacitor, Ceramic, Capacitor, Ceramic, Capacitor, Ceramic,	2pF 3pF 4pF	50V C RH	CCRZ 812091 CCRZ 813091 CCRZ 814091
C-246 C-202,176	Capacitor, Geramic, Capacitor, Ceramic, Capacitor, Ceramic,	5pF 6pF	50V C RH	CCRZ 815091 CCRZ 816091
C-203,204,237,257,287 C-232	Capacitor, Ceramic, Capacitor, Ceramic,	10pF 12pF	50V J RH 50V J RH	CCRZ 811004 CCRZ 811204
C-322 C-117,232,261 C-113,321,228,245,255,	Capacitor, Ceramic, Capacitor, Ceramic, Capacitor, Ceramic,	15pF 22pF 27pF	50V J RH	CCRZ 811504 CCRZ 812204 CCRZ 812704
282,262 C-274,280,	Capacitor, Ceramic,	33pF	50V J RH	CCRZ 813304
C-215 C-220,221	Capacitor, Ceramic, Capacitor, Ceramic,	39pF 47pF	50V J RH	CCRZ 813904 CCRZ 814704
C-116 C-319	Capacitor, Ceramic, Capacitor, Ceramic, Capacitor, Ceramic,	100pF 150pF 220pF	50V J RH 50V J RH 50V J UJ	CCRZ 811514
C-258,318 C-114,260,268,269 C-107,206,218,224,231, 236,239,244,249,253,	Capacitor, Ceramic, Capacitor, Ceramic,	390pF 150pF	50V J UJ 50V K YB	CCUZ 813914
285 C-123	Capacitor, Ceramic,	390pF	50V K YB	
C-102,104,105,109,110, 111,112,120,129,138, 144,146,155,159,175, 207,211,212,214,217, 222,223,230,234,235, 238,240,241,243,250, 252,254,266,271,279,	Capacitor, Ceramic,	0.001 <i>μ</i> F	50V K YB	CKBZ811025
339,340,351,401,405, 408,414,416,419,421, 422,502,503,504,352				

CIRCUIT	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
	CAPACITORS (Continued)	
C-115,131,140,166,242, 259,263,264,273,301, 302,303,304,305,306, 307,308,309,310,311, 312,313,314,315,316, 317,320,324,326,329, 331,332,404,411,413, 420,501	Capacitor, Ceramic, 0.01μF 50V Z YF	. CKGZ.811030
C-216,225,256,334,337,	Capacitor, Ceramic, $0.022\mu\text{F}$ 25V Z YF	. CKGZ 512230
C-118,119,121,126,127 TC-101,201,204,205,206, 208,209,210	Capacitor, Ceramic, 0.039 μ F 25 V Z YF Capacitor, Trimmer, CV-024 20 pF	
TC-203	Capacitor, Trimmer, CV-051 100pF	. CCVY 051001
	CRYSTALS	
X-101 X-201 X-202 X-301 X-302 X-303 X-304 X-305 X-306 X-307 X-313 X-314 X-312	Crystal, QX-068, 16.445 MHz Crystal, QX-089, 12.300 MHz Crystal, QX-091, 16.900 MHz Crystal, QX-101, 23.23333 MHz Crystal, QX-101, 23.31667 MHz Crystal, QX-101, 23.36667 MHz Crystal, QX-101, 24.16667 MHz Crystal, QX-101, 24.18333 MHz Crystal, QX-101, 24.18333 MHz Crystal, QX-101, 23.25417 MHz Crystal, QX-101, 23.27083 MHz Crystal, QX-101, 24.27500 MHz Crystal, QX-101, 24.25000 MHz Crystal, QX-101, 24.25000 MHz Crystal, QX-101, 24.26250 MHz	QQXY089001 QQXY091001 QQXY101003 QQXY101004 QQXY101006 QQXY101007 QQXY101008 QQXY101009 QQXY101010 QQXY101010
	MISCELLANEOUS	
FT-101 FT-102 FT-103 FT-104 S-502 S-503,504,505 J-501 J-502 SP-501 J-504,505 PL-501 FS-501 TP-101,103,301 J-301	PC Board, Resonator, Helical, Filter, Crystal, Filter, Ceramic, Filter, Ceramic, Discriminator, Ceramic, Switch, Rotary, Switch, Push, Connector, M Type, ANT, JK-035 Jack, Microphone, Receptacle, DC Power, Speaker, Microphone, MK-112 Jack, Pilot Lamp, Fuse, 6A Terminal, Check Point, Wire Connector, DC Power Cord, Clamper, Wire, Socket, Crystal, Plug, Chassis, Rear, (Ass'y) Chassis, Rear, SP-04 ZMC PL-063, (B.P.F.) FL-063, (B.P.F.) FL-068, 455 kHz FL-068, 455 kHz FL-068, 455 kHz FL-069, TH-069 MK-105 FL-069, Channel Select SW-178	FFLY 063001 FFLY 062001 FFLY 062001 FFLY 068001 FFLY 015001 SSRY 206001 SSRY 206001 JJKY 035001 JJKY 052001 ASPY 044001 AMKY112001 VPLY 005006 ZFSY 012002 JTPY 019001 JJKY 122012 WZDZ 070272 ZYYY 047001 JSKY 002001 JPGY 003001 MDBC 307233 MDBP 307235
	Chassis, Right Side, SPCC 1.0t ZMC	. MDBP 307237

SYMBOL	RCUIT DESCRIPTION MBOL					
	MISCELLANEOUS (Continued)					
	Mounting Bracket, SPCC 1.6t	MDBP 305668				
	Hanger, Microphone, SPCC 1.0t Ni-3	MDBP 402919				
		MDBP 407239				
	Bracket, Speaker, SPCC 0.8t ZMC	MCBP 400048				
	Holder, IC,	MDBP 405177				
	Holder, Switch,					
	Panel, Front,					
	Knob, Channel,					
	Knob, Disk, Channel Display,					
	Holder, LED,					
	Cap, Jack,					
	Screw, Mounting,					
	Heat Sink	MDFP 405942				
	Nameplate, Brand, A1P 0.3t Plate, Rear Chassis, A1P 0.1t	MDNP407244				
	Plate, Rear Chassis, A1P 0.1t	MDNP407245				
	•	MDAP 405693				
		MDZP 305684				
	Gasket, Rubber,	MUZP 405685				
	Protection Cover, Front Panel,	1t MDZP 307246				
		MDZP 405682				
		MDZP 405956				
	Foot,					
	Bushing, Rubber					
	Vinyl Bag, Fuse,					
	Vinyl Bag, Miscellany,					
	Vinyl Bag, Microphone,					
	Vinyl Bag, Cords,					
	Vinyl Bag, Printed Matters,					
	Vinyl Bag, Unit,	WZ 1 1 123245				
	Label, Serial No.					
	Label, Warning, DC Cord,	MDI P 403326				
	Screw, Flat Hd, Ni, M3 x 6					
	Screw, Bind Hd, Ni, M3 x 6	MZSN 193006				
	Screw, Bind Hd, Ni, M3 x 8	MZSN 193010				
	Tapping Screw, Pan Hd, $2\phi \times 5$					
		MZSZ 263008				
	Tapping Screw, Round Hd, ZMC, 3.5\psi x 8					
		MZSZ 295010 MZSZ 343006				
	Tap Tight Screw, Bind Hd, ZMC, M3 x 8	MZSZ 343014				
		MZSN 430030				
	Washer, Flat, Ni,					
,	Washer, Flat, Ni,	MZSN 500030				
	Washer, Spring, Ni,	MZSN 510030				
	Washer, Lock, ZMC,	MZSZ 530030				
	Washer, Lock, ZMC,	MZSZ 530035				
	Washer, Star, ZMC,	MZSZ 540050				
	Retainer, CS Type, Channel Disk,	MUDD 302688				
	Styrofoam Pad, Styrofoam Pad,	MDPP 305689				
	Display Box,					
	Shipping Carton Box,	NDPP 407249				
	Channel Display Seal,	MDPP 405735				
	Owners Manual,	MZPZ 710001				
	FCC Application Form,	MZPY 000019				

VHF FM MARINE RADIOTELEPHONE CHANNELS AND FUNCTIONS (U.S.A. CHANNELS)

٢	CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (TYPE	FUNC	TION
ı	DESIG	TX	RX	TRAFFIC	SHIP TO SHIP	SHIP TO SHORE
ı	01(WX1)	_	162.550	ESSA Weth	Receive Only	Receive Only
ı	02(WX2)	_	162.400	ESSA Weth	Receive Only	Receive Only
ı	03(WX3)	_	162.475	ESSA Weth	Receive Only	Receive Only
П	04	-	161.650	Canadian Weth	Receive Only	Receive Only
н	05	_	160.850	Int'l	Receive Only	Receive Only
ı	06	156.300	156.300	Safety	Yes	No
ı	07(A)	156.350	156.350	Com'l	Yes	Yes
н	08	156.400	156.400	Com'l	Yes	No
н	09	156.450	156.450	Com'l & Non Com'l	No	Yes
н	10	156.500	156.500	Com'l	Yes	Yes
н	11	156.550	156.550	Com'l	Yes	Yes
н	12	156.600	156.600	Port Op	Yes	Yes
н	(13)	156.650	156.650	Nav.	Yes	Yes
н	14	156.700	156.700	Port Op	Yes	Yes
н	15	450.000	156.750	Weather P.	Receive Only	Receive Only
П	16 17	156.800 156.850	156.800 156.850	Safety C State Con	Yes No	Yes Yes
ı	18(A)	156.900	156.900	Com'l	Yes	Yes
L	19(A)	156.950	156.950	Com'l	Yes	Yes
	20	157.000	161.600	Port Op	No	Yes
	21(CG)	157.050	157.050	Coast Ga'd	Yes	Yes
1	22(CG)	157.100	157.100	Coast Ga'd	Yes	Yes
1	23(CG)	157.150	157.150	Coast Ga'd	Yes	Yes
1	24	157.200	161.800	Public C	No	Yes .
1	(25) 26	157.250	161.850	Public C	No No	Yes
1	26	157.300 157.350	161.900 161.950	Public C Public C	No No	Yes Yes
1	28	157.400	162.000	Public C	No	Yes
1	30	-	153.950	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
1	31	_	154.175	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
	32	-	154.250	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
н	33	-	154.400	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
ı	34	_	154.650	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
ı	35	_	154.725	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
н	36	_	154.800 154.875	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
П	37 38	_	154.950	Public S Public S	Receive Only Receive Only	Receive Only Receive Only
1	39	_	155.250	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
ı	40	_	155.325	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
ı	41	_	155.400	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
1	42	_	155.475	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
н	43	-	155.550	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
ı	44	_	155.625	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
н	45 46	-	155.700	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
ı	47	_	155.850 . 156.150	Public S Public S	Receive Only Receive Only	Receive Only Receive Only
н	48	_	158.850	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
н	49	_	159.150	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
н	50	_	155.025	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
н	51	-	155.775	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
Ł	52	-	155.925	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
I	53 54		156.000 156.225	Public S Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
1	54 55		154.025	Public S Public S	Receive Only Receive Only	Receive Only Receive Only
1	56		154.100	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
1	60	_	160.625	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
	61	-	160.675	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
	62	-	160.725	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
	63	-	160.775	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
	64	-	160.825	Public S	Receive Only	Receive Only
	65(A) 66(A)	156.275	156.275	Port Op	Yes Yes	Yes
1	67	156.325 156.375	156.325 156.375	Port Op Com'l	Yes Yes	Yes No
	68	156.425	156.425	Non Com'l	Yes	Yes
1	69	156.475	156.475	Non Com'l	Yes	Yes
	60	156.525	156.525	Non Com't	Yes	No
1	71.	156.575	156.575 .	Non Com'l	Yes	Yes
	72	156.625	156.625	Non Com'l	Yes	No
1	73	156.675	156.675	Port Op	Yes	Yes
1	74 77	156.725	156.725	Port Op	Yes	Yes
I	77 78(A)	156.875 156.925	156.875 156.925	Com'l Non Com'l	Yes Yes	No Yes
1	79(A)	156.975	156.975	Com'l	Yes	Yes
	80	157.025	157.025	Com'i	Yes	Yes
I	81	157.075	157.075	Coast Ga'd	Yes	Yes
	82	_	161.725	US Govn Only	Receive Only	Receive Only
1	83(CG)	157.175	157.175	Coast Ga'd A	Yes	Yes
all l		157.225	161.825	Public C	No No	Yes
μ	84	4		Public C	No . 1	Yes
l	85	157.275	161.875			
	85 86	157.325	161.925	Public C	No	Yes
	85					

VHF FM MARINE RADIOTELEPHONE CHANNELS AND FUNCTIONS (INTERNATIONAL CHANNELS)

CHANNEL	FREQUENCY (MHz)		TYPE	FUNCTION		
DESIG	TX	RX	TRAFFIC	SHIP TO SHIP	SHIP TO SHORE	
1	156.050	160.650	Int'l Only	_	Yes	
2	156.100	160.700	Int'l Only	_	Yes	
3	156.150	160.750	Int'l Only	_	Yes	
4	156.200	160.800	Int'l Only	_	Yes	
5	156.250	160.850	Int'l Only		Yes	
6	156.300	156.300	Safety	Yes	No	
7	156.350	160.950	Int'l Only	Yes	Yes	
, 8	156.400	156.400	Com'l	Yes	No	
9	156.450	156.450	Com'l	No	Yes	
10	156.500	156,500	Com'l	Yes	Yes	
11	156.550	156.550	Com'l	Yes	Yes	
12	156.600	156.600	Port Op.	Yes	Yes	
13	156.650	156.650	Nav.	Yes	Yes	
14	156.700	156,700	Port Op.	Yes	Yes	
15	150.700	156.750	Weth P.	Receive Only	Receive Only	
16	156.800	156.800	Safety C.	Yes	Yes	
17				No .	Yes	
18	156.850	156.850	State Cont.			
	156.900	161.500	Int'l Only	Yes	Yes	
19	156.950	161.550	Int'l Only	Yes	Yes	
20	157.000	161.600	Port Op.	No	Yes	
21	157.050	161.650	Int'l Only		Yes	
22	157.100	161.700	Coast Ga'd	Yes	Yes	
23	157.150	161.750	Int'l Only	-	Yes	
24	157.200	161.800	Public C.	No	Yes	
25	157.250	161.850	Public C.	No	Yes	
26	157.300	161.900	Public C.	No ·	' Yes	
27	157.350	161.950	Public C.	No	Yes	
28	157.400	162.000	Public C.	No	Yes	
60	156.025	160.625	Int'l Only	Yes	Yes	
61	156.075	160.675	Int'l Only	Yes	Yes	
62	156.125	160.725	Int'l Only	Yes	Yes	
63	156.175	160.775	Int'l Only	Yes	Yes	
64	156.225 ·	160.825	Int'l Only	Yes	Yes	
65	156.275	160.875	Int'l Only	Yes	. · Yes	
66	156.325	160.925	Int'l Only	Yes '	Yes	
67 .	156.375	156.375	Com'l	Yes	No	
68	156.425	156,425	Non Com'l	No	Yes	
69	156,475	156,475	Non Com'l	No	Yes	
70	156.525	156.525	Non Com'l	Yes	No	
71	156.575	156.575	Non Com'l	No e	Yes	
72	156.625	156.625	Non Com'l	Yes	No	
73	156.675	156.675	Port Op.	Yes	Yes	
74	156.725	156.725	Port Op.	Yes	Yes	
77	156.875	156.875	Com'l	Yes	No	
78	156.925	161.525	Int'l Only	Yes	Yes	
79	156.975	161.575	Int'l Only	Yes	Yes	
80	157.025	161.625	Int'l Only	Yes	Yes	
81	157.025	161.675	Int'l Only	res _	Yes	
82	157.075	161.725	Int I Only		Yes	
				-		
83	157.175	161.775	Int'l Only	N.	Yes	
84	157.225	161.825	Public C.	No	Yes	
85	157.275	161.875	Public C.	No	Yes	
86	157.325	161.925	Public C.	No	Yes	
87	157.375	161.975	Public C.	No	Yes	
88	157.425	162.025	Int'l Only	Yes	Yes	

13 # 70 # 25

CAUTION: OPERATION OF CHANNELS NOT DESIGNATED FOR USES BY YOUR CLASSIFICATION OF CRAFT OR ON INTERNATIONAL CHANNELS WHEN WITHIN UNITED STATES TERRITORIAL WATERS IS A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION RULES AND REGULATIONS AND MAY RESULT IN SEVERE PENALITIES.

SHIPS RADIO LOG

RIN

VESSEL NAME WILLIAM				
CALL LETTERS WXM 960	01			
TRANSMITTER MODEL "1400"				
TRANSMITTER SERIAL NUMBER	K 365	9		
THANSWITTEN GENTAL NOMBER				
FREQUENCY CHECK: -				
Channel 06	156.300	MHz	Variance	Hz
Channel 16	156.800	MHz	Variance	Hz
Channel 22A	157.100	MHz	Variance	Hz
Channel 26	157.300	MHz	Variance	Hz
Channel 28	157.400	MHz	Variance	Hz
Channel 68	156.425	MHz	Variance	Hz
Channel		MHz	Variance	Hz
Channel		MHz	Variance	Hz
Channel		MHz	Variance	Hz
Channel		MHz	Variance	Hz
Channel		MHz	Variance	Hz
Channel		MHz	Variance	Hz
Channel	•	MHz	Variance	Hz
Channel		MHz	Variance	Hz
Channel		MHz	Variance	Hz
			all withing #	eon.
MODULATION:	kHz Peak Deviation	on		
Measurements made using 50 ohms du				
REMARKS:	79	-		
DATE CHECKED		3/10/80		
COMPANY		CARDELITED	T A	
TECHNICIAN	PI-	E. CARPENTER 3-14088 ES 6/15/83	elapto.	
FCC LICENSE NUMBER	EXPIR	C3 0/13/03	,	

CALL LETTERS WXM-9601

SHIP NAME Q Qui

	15 X 2				
Date & Time	Station - Called	Channel Freq.	Operator	Time of Ending Contact	My Location and Reason For Call
				,	
			,		
, "					

SEMICONDUCTORS VOLTAGE CHART

Note: Voltages were measured by V.T.V.M. at channel frequency of 156.8 MHz

INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

CIRCUIT SYMBOL &	Integrated Circuit Pin Number													
TYPE NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
IC101 μPC577H	5.6	2.7	3.3	0	1.8	1.8	4.8							
IC102 TA7063P	1.5	0.7	0.1	0	0.9	4.7	8.1							
IC103 HA1366W	0	13.8	8.9	0.02	1.2	0 .	13.5	0	0	7.0				
IC201 S042P	0	7.9	7.9	0	7.8	0	2.8	2.8	0	0.6	1.3	0.6	1.3	0
IC301 NJM4558D	4.7	4.8	4.8	0	4.7	4.8	4.8	8.6						

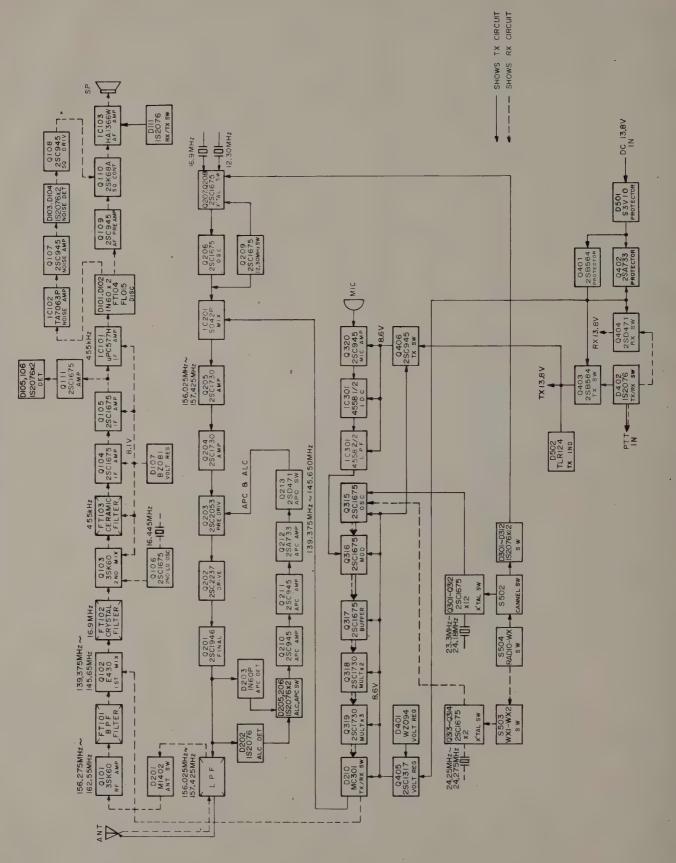
FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR

CIRCUIT SYMBOL	TYPE NUMBER	1st Gate	2nd Gate	Source	Drain	Remarks	
Q101 Q103 Q110	Q103 3SK60		3.6 0 —	0 0 3.9 (0.01)	12.6 7.4 3.95 (0.6)	(Squelched)	
Q102		1st Gate 0		1st Source	1st Drain		
	E430			1.35	11.8		
		2nc	l Gate	2nd Source	2nd Drain		
			0	1.45	11.8		

TRANSISTOR

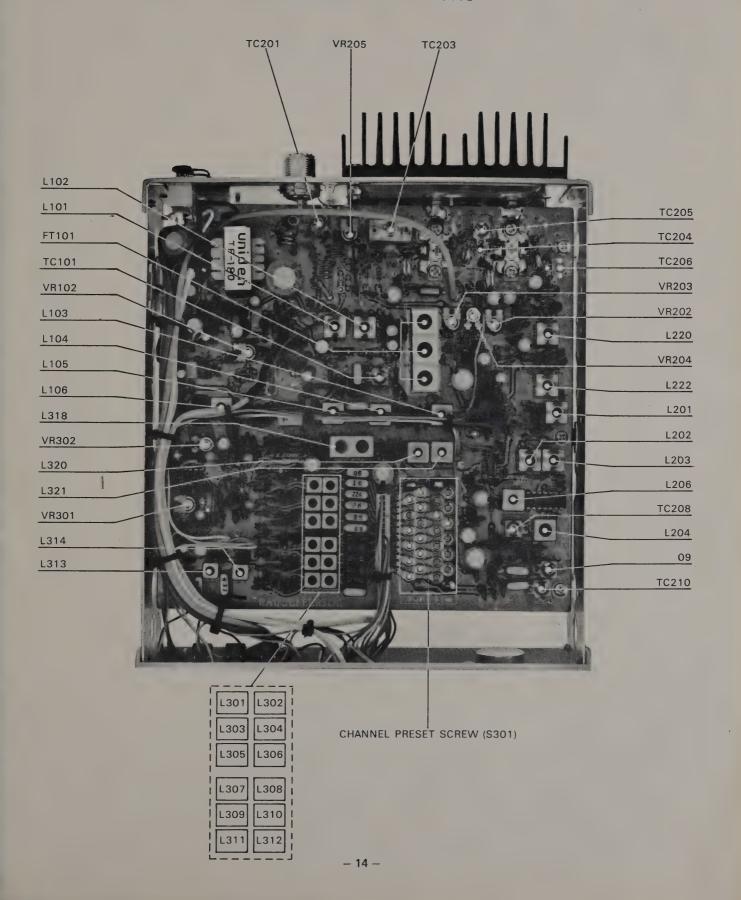
CIRCUIT SYMBOL	TYPE NUMBER	Base	Emitter	Collector	Remarks
Q104 Q105 Q106 Q107 Q108 Q109	2SC1675L 2SC1675L 2SC1675L 2SC945AQ 2SC945AQ 2SC945AQ	0.7 6.5 3.6 0.6 (0.5) 0 (0.6)	0.03 5.8 3.0 0 0	0.9 8.0 7.8 2.7 (3.3) 3.9 (0.01) 3.9	(Squelched) (Squelched)
Q111 Q201 Q202 Q203 Q204	2SC1675L 2SC1946A 2SC2237 2SC2053 2SC1730L	0.7 0 0 0.6 (0.6) 2.1	0 0 0 0 0 1.4	2.7 13.5 13.5 5.2 (2.4) 12.0	(Low Power)
Q205 Q206 Q207 Q208 Q209 Q210 Q211 Q212 Q213	2SC1730L 2SC1675L 2SC1675L 2SC1675L 2SC1675L 2SC945AQ 2SC945AQ 2SA733P 2SD471L	2.0 4.1 (2.7) 0 (3.3) 4.9 (0) 0 (0.6) 0.6 (0.61) 2.2 (0.9) 12.3 (12.4) 5.5 (3.1)	1.3 3.5 (2.1) 0.2 (2.7) 4.2 (0) 0 (0) 0 (0) 1.6 (0.5) 13.2 (13.5) 4.9 (2.5)	10.7 7.9 (7.9) 4.2 (2.7) 4.2 (2.7) 0 (0) 2.2 (0.9) 12.3 (12.4) 5.5 (3.1) 13.2 (13.4)	(Duplex) (Duplex) (Duplex) (Duplex) (Low Power) (Low Power) (Low Power) (Low Power)
Q301 Q302 Q303 Q304 Q305 Q306 Q307 Q308 Q309 Q310 Q311 Q311 Q312 Q313	2SC1675L 2SC1675L 2SC1675L 2SC1675L 2SC1675L 2SC1675L 2SC1675L 2SC1675L 2SC1675L 2SC1675L 2SC1675L 2SC1675L 2SC1675L	0 0.7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	WX1
Q314 Q315 Q316 Q317 Q318 Q319 Q320 Q401 Q402	2SC1675L 2SC1675L 2SC1675L 2SC1675L 2SC1730L 2SC1730L 2SC945AQ 2SB564L 2SA733P	0 4.2 3.6 1.6 1.8 2.9 1.1 13.0	0 3.6 2.9 1.0 1.3 2.3 0.5 13.8	0 7.9 8.6 8.5 8.4 8.7 4.4 13.7	
Q403 Q404 Q405	2SB564L 2SD471L 2SC1317Q	13.7 13.2 (0) 13.3 (0.6) 9.4	13.7 (13.4) 12.6 (0.1) 8.7	0 (13.4) 13.7 (13.4) 13.2	(TX) (TX)
Q405 Q406	2SC945AQ	0 (9.3)	0 (8.6)	8.7 (8.6)	(TX)

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



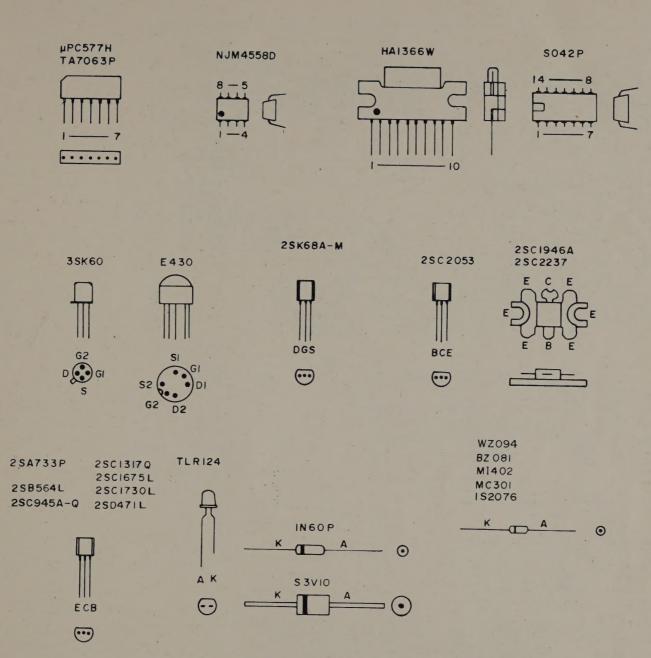
REVISION

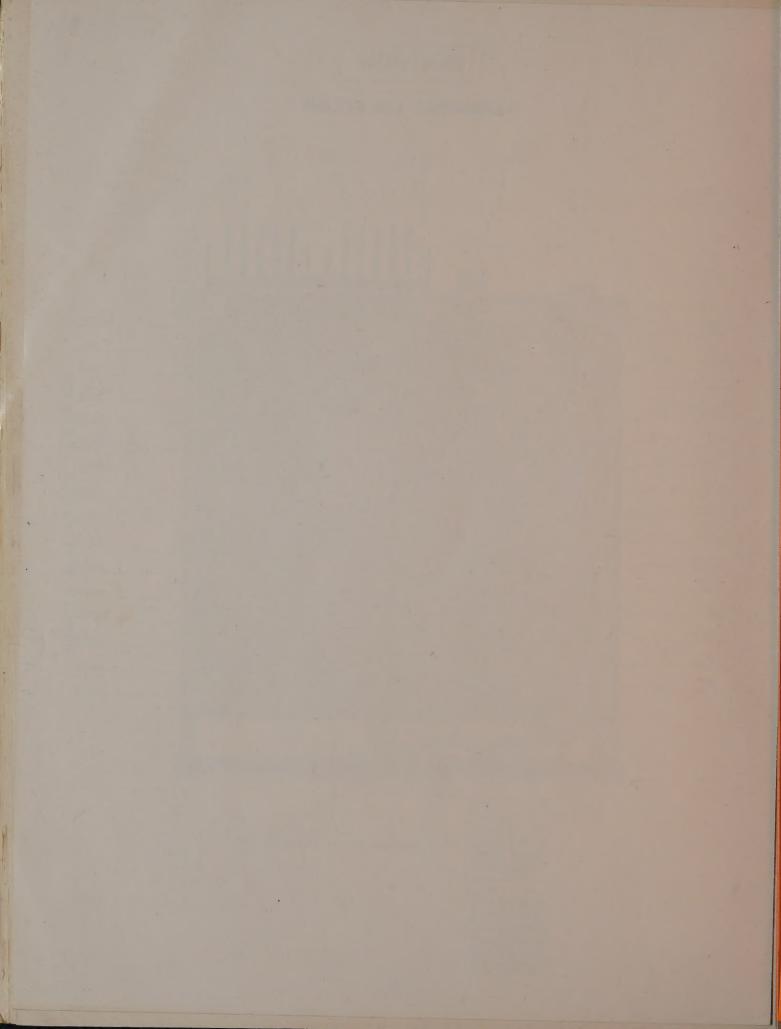
ALIGNMENT LOCATIONS



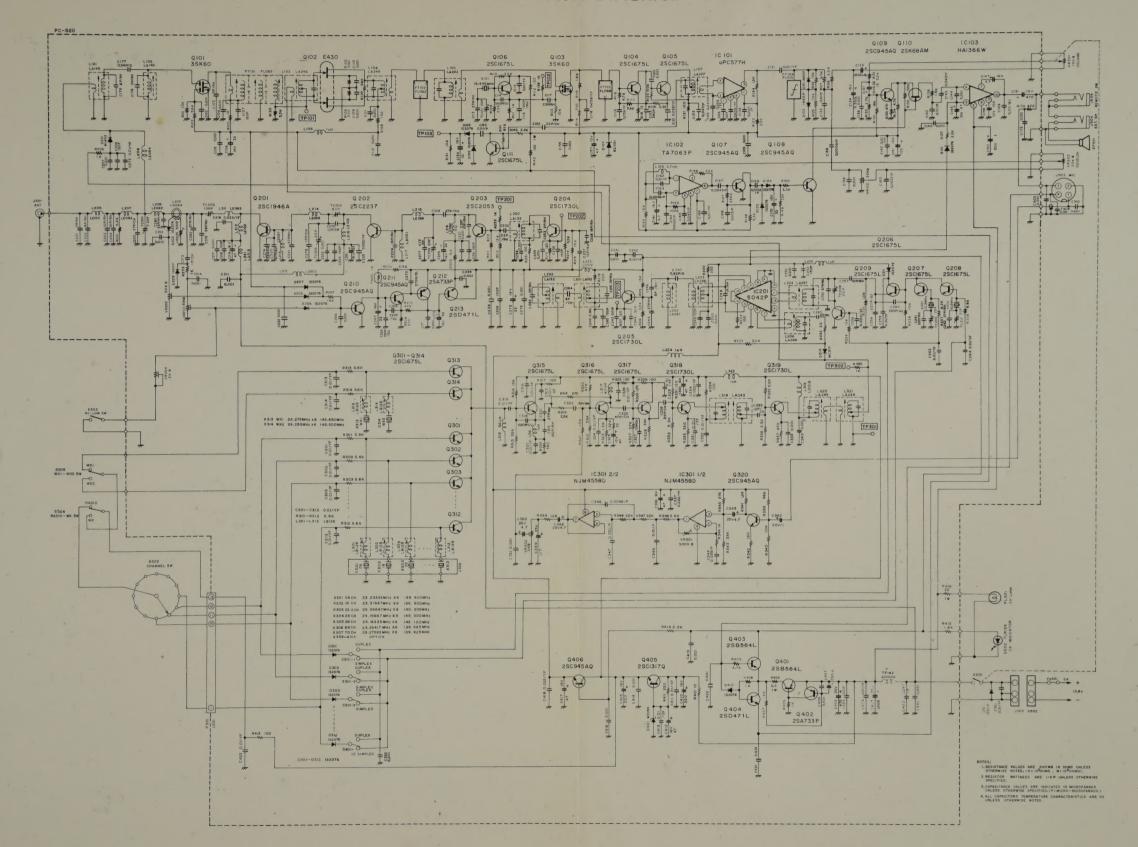


SEMICONDUCTORS PIN CONFIGURATION





SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



RAY JEFFERSON LIMITED WARRANTY

This unit is fully covered by our limited warranty. It will give you dependable service and long life under nomal conditions encountered in marine use.

The limited warranty is as follows:

Components:

Ray Jefferson warrants every component of the equipment, with the exception of transistors, to be free from any defects caused by poor workmanship or faulty materials. Under the warranty, Ray Jefferson is liable only to the repair, or, at Ray Jefferson option, the replacement, without charge, of any component found to be defective under normal use within 3 mos. of the date of Ray Jefferson shipment, if the following conditions are met.

- (1) Ray Jefferson must be promptly notified, in writing, upon discovery of any such defects
- (2) The defective components must be returned to Ray Jefferson, transportation prepaid, and
- (3) Ray Jefferson examination must disclose to its satisfaction that defects have not been caused by abuse.

Warranty is voided unless registration card is returned to the factory within 10 days after purchase.

This warranty does not apply to any of our products which have been repaired or altered by unauthorized persons or service stations in any way so as, in our judgment to affect their stability or reliability, or which have been subjected to misuse, negligence, or accident, or which have had the serial number altered, effaced, or removed. Neither does this warranty apply to any of our products which have been connected, installed, or adjusted otherwise than in accordance with the instructions furnished by us. Accessories not manufactured by us are not covered by the warranty. No equipment manufactured by Ray Jefferson is warranted in any respect if it has been repaired or altered other than at authorized service agenecies.

This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties expressed or implied and no representatives or persons are authorized to assume for us any other liability in connection with the sale of our products.

CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGE:

Ray Jefferson shall not be held liable for any damage of a special or consequential nature with respect to merchandise sold or delivered, or service rendered.

Ray Jefferson reserves the right to perform modifications or improvements on its products without incurring obligation to install the changes on previously sold equipment.

This warranty gives you specific regal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

RAY JEFFERSON

DIVISION OF JETRONIC INDUSTRIES, INC.

MAIN & COTTON STREETS

PHILADELPHIA, PA. 19127